# Annenberg Science Knowledge Survey: Zika August 4-August 8, 2016 (Week 26, N=1,470)

## **Appendix**

What is the risk that you will be infected with Zika in the next 6 months? (READ LIST)

	EXTREMELY/VERY HIGH RISK %			MOD	MODERATE/LOW RISK %				
	NET	Extremely high risk	Very high risk	NET**	Moderate risk	Low risk	No risk %	Don't know %	Refused %
8/8/16	5	1	4	57	16	40	35	3	*

<sup>\*</sup>Less than 0.5%

Just your best guess. What do scientists think are the steps people can take to avoid negative health effects of Zika?\*\*

	8/8/16 %
Avoid drinking water sprayed with larvicide/chemical that is meant to kill mosquitoes/larvae	6
By not getting vaccinated for Measles, Mumps, or Rubella/MMR vaccine	2
By not traveling to an area with Zika	24
By taking steps to protect against mosquito bites (repellant, screens, removing standing water, wearing protective clothing/long-sleeve shirts)	47
By using condoms or not having sex with a man who lives in or travels to an area with Zika (i.e. with a possible Zika exposure)	6
Delaying conception/delaying pregnancy/effective contraception	4
Good hygiene	5
Getting a vaccine	2
More education/research/spread awareness	3
Healthy lifestyle/Better health	*
Avoid people/people who have Zika virus	1
Controlling/killing mosquito population/ Spraying mosquitoes	2
Other	4
Don't know	21
Refused	1

<sup>\*</sup>Less than 0.5%

<sup>\*\*</sup>Net doesn't add up because of rounding

<sup>\*\*</sup>Total greater than 100% because multiple responses were accepted

I'm going to read a few statements. For each one please tell me if you think scientists have established it is true, scientists have established it is false, or scientists are not sure whether it is true or false. (INSERT ITEM). Would you say that scientists have established that is true or false, or scientists are not sure whether it is true or false?

### a. ZIKA virus can cause the birth of babies with unusually small heads

			Scientists are not		
	True	False	sure	Don't know	Refused
	%	%	%	%	%
8/8/16	72	4	19	5	*

<sup>\*</sup>Less than 0.5%

How likely, if at all, is it that an adult who contracts ZIKA virus will die as a result? (READ LIST)

	LIKELY				NOT LIKELY			
	%				%			
						Not	Don't	
		Very	Somewhat		Not too	likely at	know	Refused
	NET	likely	likely	NET**	likely	all	%	%
8/8/16	36	11	25	57	34	24	6	1

<sup>\*\*</sup>Net doesn't add up because of rounding

How accurate, if at all, is it to say that an individual who has been infected by ZIKA virus will know it because ZIKA virus always produces noticeable symptoms? (READ LIST)

	ACCURATE			NOT ACCURATE				
	%				%			
							Don't	
		Very	Somewhat		Not too	Not at all	know	Refused
	NET	accurate	accurate	NET	accurate	accurate	%	%
8/8/16	46	13	33	46	26	20	8	*

<sup>\*</sup>Less than 0.5%

In the past three months, have you done anything to protect yourself from getting Zika?

	Yes	No	Don't know	Refused
	%	%	%	%
8/8/16	30	70	*	

<sup>\*</sup>Less than 0.5%

How familiar are you with news reports about ZIKA virus? (READ LIST)

	FAMILIAR %				UNFAMILIA %			
	NET	Very familiar	Somewhat familiar	NET	Somewhat unfamiliar	Very unfamiliar	Don't know %	Refused %
8/8/16	79	30	49	20	10	10	1	*

<sup>\*</sup>Less than 0.5%

Just your best guess. How do scientists think someone can get Zika virus? (INSERT ITEM). Is it very likely this is a way someone can get it, somewhat likely, not too likely or not likely at all that this is a way someone can get Zika virus?

f. By being sneezed or coughed on by someone who has Zika virus

	LIKELY %			NOT LIKELY %				
	NET***	Very likely	Somewhat likely	NET	Not too likely	Not likely at all	Don't know %	Refused %
8/8/16	28	10	19	62	25	37	9	1

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Net doesn't add up because of rounding

#### **SURVEY METHODOLOGY**

#### ANNENBERG SCIENCE KNOWLEDGE SURVEY METHODOLOGY

The Annenberg Science Knowledge (ASK) survey was conducted for the Annenberg Public Policy Center via telephone (CATI) by SSRS, an independent research company. Interviews were conducted from **August 4-August 8, 2016** among 1,470 U.S. adults, aged 18 and older, drawn from a national probability sample in all 50 states. The dual frame sample, included 905 cell phone respondents and 59 respondents who completed the survey in Spanish. Data were weighted to represent the target U.S. adult population. The adjusted margin of error for total respondents is +/- 3.60 % at the 95% confidence level. The response rate was 10% (AAPOR RR 3).

For more detail on the methodology, including sampling, within household respondent selection, weighting variables and procedures, please visit <u>SSRS Omnibus</u>.