

Zika February 24-28, 2016 Survey (Week 3): Appendix

If you planned a trip before you knew about the Zika virus, how likely would it be for you to change your travel plans if you learned that your destination had an outbreak of the Zika virus? Would you say...(READ LIST)?

	LIKELY %			NOT LIKELY %			Don't know %	Refused %
	NET	Very likely	Somewhat likely	NET	Not too likely	Not likely at all		
2/28/16	72	52	20	27	12	15	1	*

*Less than 0.5 percent

Do you agree or disagree with the following statement: women living in areas affected by the Zika virus should avoid getting pregnant until a vaccine is found?

	2/28/16** %
AGREE (Net)	71
Strongly agree	46
Somewhat agree	25
Neither agree nor disagree	13
DISAGREE (Net)	14
Somewhat disagree	6
Strongly disagree	8
Don't know	2
Refused	1

**Total greater than 100 percent due to rounding

Is it very accurate, somewhat accurate, not too accurate, or not at all accurate to say that Mosquitoes can transmit the Zika virus to humans?

	ACCURATE %			NOT ACCURATE %			Don't know %	Refused %
	NET***	Very accurate	Somewhat accurate	NET	Not too accurate	Not at all accurate		
2/28/16	93	71	21	5	3	2	2	*

*Less than 0.5 percent

***NET does not add up because of rounding

How accurate is it to say that a pregnant woman who is infected with the Zika virus is more likely to have a baby with an unusually small head and brain?

	ACCURATE %			NOT ACCURATE %			Don't know %	Refused %
	NET	Very accurate	Somewhat accurate	NET	Not too accurate	Not at all accurate		
2/28/16	82	50	32	12	6	6	6	*

*Less than 0.5 percent

I'm going to read you two statements. For each one please tell me if you think **scientists** have established it is true, **scientists** have established it is false, or **scientists** are not sure whether it is true or false.

(INSERT ITEM). Would you say that **scientists** have established that is true or false, or **scientists** are not sure whether it is true or false?

Genetically modified mosquitos have caused the Zika virus outbreak

	True %	False %	Scientists are not sure %	Don't know %	Refused %
2/28/16	24	24	44	8	*

*Less than 0.5 percent

Genetically modified mosquitoes could minimize the spread of the Zika virus

	True %	False %	Scientists are not sure %	Don't know %	Refused %
2/28/16**	28	10	55	8	*

*Less than 0.5 percent

**Total greater than 100 percent due to rounding

The genetically modified male mosquito produces offspring that die before they reach adulthood. This technique has been shown to reduce mosquito populations by 95 percent. To prevent the spread of the Zika virus to the United States, do you favor or oppose releasing these genetically modified mosquitoes in places in the U.S. that may be at risk for the Zika virus? Would you say you (READ LIST)?

	2/28/16** %
FAVOR (NET)	43***
Strongly favor	20
Somewhat favor	24
Neither favor nor oppose	20
OPPOSE (NET)	33
Somewhat oppose	15
Strongly oppose	18
Don't know	3
Refused	*

*Less than 0.5 percent

**Total less than 100 percent due to rounding

***NET does not add up because of rounding

ZIKA SURVEY METHODOLOGY: WEEK 3

The study was conducted for the Annenberg Public Policy Center via telephone by SSRS, an independent research company. Interviews were conducted from **February 24 - 28, 2016** among a sample of **1,021** respondents. Total Cell phone respondents were 582 and there were 34 respondents who completed the survey in Spanish. Data were weighted to represent the target U.S. adult population. The margin of error for total respondents is +/-3.56 % .